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Contest P



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AMC 12

53rd Annual American Mathematics Contest 12

This test and the matching AMC 10 P were developed for the use of a group of Taiwan schools, in early January of 2002. When Taiwan had taken the contests, the AMC released the questions here as a set of practice questions for the 2002 AMC 10 and AMC 12 contests.

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1. Which of the following numbers is a perfect square?

(A) $4^45^56^6$ (B) $4^45^66^5$ (C) $4^55^46^6$ (D) $4^65^46^5$ (E) $4^65^56^4$

2. The function f is given by the table

x	1	2	3	4	5
$f(x)$	4	1	3	5	2

If $u_0 = 4$ and $u_{n+1} = f(u_n)$ for $n \geq 0$, find u_{2002} .

(A) 1 (B) 2 (C) 3 (D) 4 (E) 5

3. The dimensions of a rectangular box in inches are all positive integers and the volume of the box is 2002 in^3 . Find the minimum possible sum in inches of the three dimensions.

(A) 36 (B) 38 (C) 42 (D) 44 (E) 92

4. Let a and b be distinct real numbers for which

$$\frac{a}{b} + \frac{a + 10b}{b + 10a} = 2.$$

Find $\frac{a}{b}$.

(A) 0.4 (B) 0.5 (C) 0.6 (D) 0.7 (E) 0.8

5. For how many positive integers m is

$$\frac{2002}{m^2 - 2}$$

a positive integer?

(A) one (B) two (C) three (D) four (E) more than four

6. Participation in the local soccer league this year is 10% higher than last year. The number of males increased by 5% and the number of females increased by 20%. What fraction of the soccer league is now female?

(A) $\frac{1}{3}$ (B) $\frac{4}{11}$ (C) $\frac{2}{5}$ (D) $\frac{4}{9}$ (E) $\frac{1}{2}$

7. How many three-digit numbers have at least one 2 and at least one 3?

(A) 52 (B) 54 (C) 56 (D) 58 (E) 60

8. Let AB be a segment of length 26, and let points C and D be located on AB such that $AC = 1$ and $AD = 8$. Let E and F be points on one of the semicircles with diameter AB for which EC and FD are perpendicular to AB . Find EF .

(A) 5 (B) $5\sqrt{2}$ (C) 7 (D) $7\sqrt{2}$ (E) 12

9. Two walls and the ceiling of a room meet at right angles at point P . A fly is in the air one meter from one wall, eight meters from the other wall, and nine meters from point P . How many meters is the fly from the ceiling?

(A) $\sqrt{13}$ (B) $\sqrt{14}$ (C) $\sqrt{15}$ (D) 4 (E) $\sqrt{17}$

10. Let $f_n(x) = \sin^n x + \cos^n x$. For how many x in $[0, \pi]$ is it true that

$$6f_4(x) - 4f_6(x) = 2f_2(x)?$$

(A) 2 (B) 4 (C) 6 (D) 8 (E) more than 8

11. Let $t_n = \frac{n(n+1)}{2}$ be the n th triangular number. Find

$$\frac{1}{t_1} + \frac{1}{t_2} + \frac{1}{t_3} + \dots + \frac{1}{t_{2002}}.$$

(A) $\frac{4003}{2003}$ (B) $\frac{2001}{1001}$ (C) $\frac{4004}{2003}$ (D) $\frac{4001}{2001}$ (E) 2

12. For how many positive integers n is $n^3 - 8n^2 + 20n - 13$ a prime number?

(A) one (B) two (C) three (D) four (E) more than four

13. What is the maximum value of n for which there is a set of distinct positive integers k_1, k_2, \dots, k_n for which

$$k_1^2 + k_2^2 + \dots + k_n^2 = 2002.$$

(A) 14 (B) 15 (C) 16 (D) 17 (E) 18

14. Find $i + 2i^2 + 3i^3 + \dots + 2002i^{2002}$.

(A) $-999 + 1002i$ (B) $-1002 + 999i$ (C) $-1001 + 1000i$
 (D) $-1002 + 1001i$ (E) i

15. There are 1001 red marbles and 1001 black marbles in a box. Let P_s be the probability that two marbles drawn at random from the box are the same color, and let P_d be the probability that they are different colors. Find $|P_s - P_d|$.

(A) 0 (B) $\frac{1}{2002}$ (C) $\frac{1}{2001}$ (D) $\frac{2}{2001}$ (E) $\frac{1}{1000}$

16. The altitudes of a triangle are 12, 15, and 20. The largest angle in this triangle is

(A) 72° (B) 75° (C) 90° (D) 108° (E) 120°

17. Let $f(x) = \sqrt{\sin^4 x + 4 \cos^2 x} - \sqrt{\cos^4 x + 4 \sin^2 x}$. An equivalent form of $f(x)$ is

(A) $1 - \sqrt{2} \sin x$ (B) $-1 + \sqrt{2} \cos x$ (C) $\cos \frac{x}{2} - \sin \frac{x}{2}$
(D) $\cos x - \sin x$ (E) $\cos 2x$

18. If a, b, c are real numbers such that $a^2 + 2b = 7$, $b^2 + 4c = -7$, and $c^2 + 6a = -14$, find $a^2 + b^2 + c^2$.

(A) 14 (B) 21 (C) 28 (D) 35 (E) 49

19. In quadrilateral $ABCD$, $m\angle B = m\angle C = 120^\circ$, $AB = 3$, $BC = 4$, and $CD = 5$. Find the area of $ABCD$.

(A) 15 (B) $9\sqrt{3}$ (C) $\frac{45\sqrt{3}}{4}$ (D) $\frac{47\sqrt{3}}{4}$ (E) $15\sqrt{3}$

20. Let f be a real-valued function such that

$$f(x) + 2f\left(\frac{2002}{x}\right) = 3x$$

for all $x > 0$. Find $f(2)$.

(A) 1000 (B) 2000 (C) 3000 (D) 4000 (E) 6000

21. Let a and b be real numbers greater than 1 for which there exists a positive real number c , different from 1, such that

$$2(\log_a c + \log_b c) = 9 \log_{ab} c.$$

Find the largest possible value of $\log_a b$.

(A) $\sqrt{2}$ (B) $\sqrt{3}$ (C) 2 (D) $\sqrt{6}$ (E) 3

- 22.** Under the new AMC 10, 12 scoring method, 6 points are given for each correct answer, 2.5 points are given for each unanswered question, and no points are given for an incorrect answer. Some of the possible scores between 0 and 150 can be obtained in only one way, for example, the only way to obtain a score of 146.5 is to have 24 correct answers and one unanswered question. Some scores can be obtained in exactly two ways; for example, a score of 104.5 can be obtained with 17 correct answers, 1 unanswered question, and 7 incorrect, and also with 12 correct answers and 13 unanswered questions. There are (three) scores that can be obtained in exactly three ways. What is their sum?
- (A) 175 (B) 179.5 (C) 182 (D) 188.5 (E) 201

- 23.** The equation $z(z+i)(z+3i) = 2002i$ has a zero of the form $a+bi$, where a and b are positive real numbers. Find a .
- (A) $\sqrt{118}$ (B) $\sqrt{210}$ (C) $2\sqrt{210}$ (D) $\sqrt{2002}$ (E) $100\sqrt{2}$

- 24.** Let $ABCD$ be a regular tetrahedron and let E be a point inside the face ABC . Denote by s the sum of the distances from E to the faces DAB , DBC , DCA , and by S the sum of the distances from E to the edges AB , BC , CA . Then $\frac{s}{S}$ equals
- (A) $\sqrt{2}$ (B) $\frac{2\sqrt{2}}{3}$ (C) $\frac{\sqrt{6}}{2}$ (D) 2 (E) 3

- 25.** Let a and b be real numbers such that $\sin a + \sin b = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}$ and $\cos a + \cos b = \frac{\sqrt{6}}{2}$. Find $\sin(a+b)$
- (A) $\frac{1}{2}$ (B) $\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}$ (C) $\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$ (D) $\frac{\sqrt{6}}{2}$ (E) 1